

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Powerflow Paste Large

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Powerflow Paste Large

Product code : 20436

Product description: Not available.

Product type : Solid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

: Alpha, Alent plc Forsyth Road Sheerwater Woking Surrey England

> GU21 5RZ Tel: +44(0)1483 758400 Fax: +44(0)1483 728837

Contact person: europeanregulatory@alent.

com

Emergency phone: +44 1483 758400

Material uses : soldering

Manufacturer : Alpha, Alent plc Koenendelseweg 29

5222 BG

's-Hertogenbosch The Netherlands Tel: +31 73 6280 111 Fax: +31 73 6219 283

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Ingredients of unknown

: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 33.8%

toxicity

ecotoxicity

Ingredients of unknown

: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 63.1%

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Europe

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification : Xi; R41

Human health hazards : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. Do

not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after

handling.

Response : IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF IN

EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Europe					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
,	CAS: 78330-21-9		Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
hydrobromic acid	REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	
Austria					

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #:	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
	01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Belgium					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
nydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Bulgaria					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #:	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Croatia					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Czech Republic					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
nydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Denmark					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
nydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Estonia					

Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated	CAC. 70220 24 0	<25	Vi. D44	Fig. Dam. 4, 11240	
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #:	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Finland					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
o to tion, outoxylatou	CAS: 78330-21-9	-0	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
nydrobromic acid	REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
France					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
•	CAS: 78330-21-9		Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
hydrobromic acid	REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Germany					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Greece					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #:	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
,	01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		, -	STOT SE 3, H335	
Hungary					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Ireland					

Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	mposition/informa	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated		<25			
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #:	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
,	01-2119479072-39				
	EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8			STOT SE 3, H335	
taly					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated		<25			
	CAS: 78330-21-9		Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[41 [0]
nydrobromic acid	REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
	EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6		,	STOT SE 3, H335	
	Index: 035-002-01-8				
_atvia					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated	CAS: 78330-21-9	<25	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
nydrobromic acid	REACH #:	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
	01-2119479072-39				
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
	Index: 035-002-01-8			3101 3E 3, 11333	
_ithuania					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated		<25			
	CAS: 78330-21-9	>4 40	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[41 [2
nydrobromic acid	REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6			STOT SE 3, H335	
Nathaulau da	Index: 035-002-01-8				
Netherlands	FO: 646 600 F	≥17 -	Va. D00	Aputa Tay 4 U202	[41]
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	 2 17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
o to tion, outoxylatou	CAS: 78330-21-9	120	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
nydrobromic acid	REACH #:	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6		λί, Ιζοί	STOT SE 3, H335	
	Index: 035-002-01-8			,	
Norway					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-,	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 -	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
C13-rich, ethoxylated	CAS: 78330-21-9	<25	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
nydrobromic acid	REACH #:	≥1 - <3	C; R34	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2
,	01-2119479072-39				
	EC: 233-113-0		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8			STOT SE 3, H335	
Poland					

Powerflow Paste Large					
SECTION 3: Cor	nposition/informa	ation or	n ingredients		
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34 Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1] [2]
	CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8			STOT SE 3, H335	
Portugal					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Romania					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Slovakia					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Slovenia					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Spain					
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated	EC: 616-609-5	≥17 - <25	Xn; R22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
hydrobromic acid	CAS: 78330-21-9 REACH #: 01-2119479072-39	≥1 - <3	Xi; R41 C; R34	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1] [2]
	EC: 233-113-0 CAS: 10035-10-6 Index: 035-002-01-8		Xi; R37	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	
Sweden					

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients EC: 616-609-5 ≥17 -Xn: R22 Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] C13-rich, ethoxylated <25 CAS: 78330-21-9 Xi: R41 Eye Dam. 1, H318 [1] [2] hydrobromic acid REACH #: ≥1 - <3 C; R34 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 Xi; R37 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 10035-10-6 **STOT SE 3, H335** Index: 035-002-01-8 **Switzerland** [1] Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, EC: 616-609-5 ≥17 -Xn; R22 Acute Tox. 4, H302 C13-rich, ethoxylated <25 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 78330-21-9 Xi; R41 hydrobromic acid Skin Corr. 1B, H314 [1] [2] REACH #: ≥1 - <3 C; R34 01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 Xi; R37 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 10035-10-6 **STOT SE 3, H335** Index: 035-002-01-8 **Turkey** [1] Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, EC: 616-609-5 ≥17 -Xn; R22 Acute Tox. 4, H302 C13-rich, ethoxylated <25 CAS: 78330-21-9 Xi; R41 Eve Dam. 1, H318 hydrobromic acid REACH #: ≥1 - <3 C; R34 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 [1] [2] 01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 Xi; R37 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 10035-10-6 **STOT SE 3, H335** Index: 035-002-01-8 **United Kingdom (UK)** [1] Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, EC: 616-609-5 ≥17 -Acute Tox. 4, H302 Xn; R22 C13-rich, ethoxylated <25 CAS: 78330-21-9 Xi; R41 Eve Dam. 1, H318 [1] [2] hydrobromic acid REACH #: ≥1 - <3 C; R34 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 01-2119479072-39 EC: 233-113-0 Xi; R37 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 10035-10-6 **STOT SE 3, H335**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Index: 035-002-01-8

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

SECTION 4: First aid measures

symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific**

: Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Europe	
hydrobromic acid	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Austria	
hydrobromic acid	GKV_MAK (Austria, 12/2011). TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 6.7 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Belgium	
hydrobromic acid	Lijst Grenswaarden / Valeurs Limites (Belgium, 4/2014). STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Bulgaria	
hydrobromic acid	България Министерство на труда и социалната политика и Министерството на здравеопазването (Bulgaria, 1/2012). Limit value 15 min: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
Croatia	
hydrobromic acid	MinGoRP GVI/KGVI (Croatia, 6/2013). STELV: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
Czech Republic	
hydrobromic acid	MZCR PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 1/2013). STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1.812 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.302 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Denmark	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

hydrobromic acid Arbejdstilsynet (Denmark, 10/2012).

CEIL: 2 ppm CEIL: 6.7 mg/m³

Estonia

hydrobromic acid Töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid määrus nr

293 (Estonia, 1/2008).

STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

Finland

hydrobromic acid Työterveyslaitos, Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriö (Finland,

3/2014).

STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

France

hydrobromic acid Ministère du travail (France, 7/2012). Notes: Labour Act, Art.

4412-150 (Regulatory indicative exposure limits)

STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Germany

hydrobromic acid TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 4/2014).

TWA: 6.7 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Greece

hydrobromic acid Υπουργείο Εργασίας και Κοινωνικών Υποθέσεων (Greece, 2/

2012).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Hungary

hydrobromic acid 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCsM együttes rendelet (Hungary,

12/2011).

PEAK: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ireland

hydrobromic acid NAOSH (Ireland, 12/2011).

OELV-15min: 2 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 6.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Italy

hydrobromic acid Ministry of Labour and Social Policy (Italy, 10/2013).

Short Term: 2 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Latvia

hydrobromic acid Ministru kabineta - AER (Latvia, 2/2011).

STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Lithuania

hydrobromic acid Lietuvos Higienos Normos HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2007).

Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

Netherlands

hydrobromic acid MinSZW Wettelijke Grenswaarden (Netherlands, 6/2014).

STEL,15-min: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Norway

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

hydrobromic acid FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 1/2013).

CEIL: 10 mg/m³ CEIL: 3 ppm

Poland

hydrobromic acid Rozporzadzenie Ministra Pracy i Polityki Spolecznej (Dz.U.

2014 poz. 817) (Poland, 6/2014).

CEIL: 6.5 mg/m³

Portugal

hydrobromic acid Instituto Português da Qualidade (Portugal, 3/2007).

CEIL: 2 ppm

Romania

hydrobromic acid HG 1218/2006 cu modificările și completările ulterioare (

Romania, 1/2012).

Short term: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

Slovakia

hydrobromic acid Nariadenie vlády SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 12/2011).

STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

Slovenia

hydrobromic acid Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi

izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Slovenia, 12/2010).

TWA: 6.7 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.

KTV: 6.7 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 2 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

Spain

hydrobromic acid INSHT (Spain, 1/2014).

STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Sweden

hydrobromic acid AFS 2011:18 (Sweden, 12/2011).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Switzerland

hydrobromic acid SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2014).

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 6.7 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Turkey

hydrobromic acid TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013).

STEL: 6.7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

United Kingdom (UK)

hydrobromic acid EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).

STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: None assigned.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: None assigned.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. [Paste.]

Colour : White to yellowish.

Odour : Characteristic.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

:

VOC content 0 % (w/w)

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials: No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrobromic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2858 ppm	1 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1407.6 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrobromic acid	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 91/689/EEC.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

National regulations

Austria

Belgium

Bulgaria

Croatia

Czech Republic

Denmark

Estonia

Finland

France

Germany

Hazard class for water : 3 Appendix No. 4

Greece Hungary

Ireland

<u>Italy</u>

Latvia

Lithuania

Netherlands

Norway

Poland

Portugal

Romania

Slovakia

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Slovenia

Spain

Sweden

Switzerland

Turkey

United Kingdom (UK)

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

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revision

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Notice to reader

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

ClassificationJustification

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Calculation method Eye Dam. 1, H318 Calculation method

Europe

Full text of abbreviated H : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

statements H314 Causes severe skin burns

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of classifications

[CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Skin Corr. 1B, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

: R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R34- Causes burns.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R37- Irritating to respiratory system.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: C - Corrosive Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

an Alent plc Company